The Art of Facilitation:

Basic
Foundations &
Practices

Dr. Everette W. Hill, DSW, MCP Social Innovation Strategies Group





## Agenda

- Welcome & Introductions
  - Overview structure and objectives.
  - o Icebreaker: "What's one word you associate with facilitation?"
- **Presentation:** "The Art of Facilitation:

Basic Foundations and Practices"

- What is Facilitation?
- Basic Types
- Key Skills & Guidelines
- Challenges
- Setting Up a Session
- Overview & Transition to Practice Activity
  - Overview: Practice stations, how they'll work.
  - Explain logistics.
  - Clarifying Questions.
- Facilitation Practice Hands-On
- Experience
- Goal: Participants experience different facilitation styles at different stations.
- Groups rotate every **20 minutes**.
- Debrief and Closing
  - Reflections



## What is Facilitation?

- Facilitating is guiding a group toward achieving goals while fostering safety, collaboration, and inclusion.
- Importance: Creates clarity, collaboration, and effective outcomes achievement.



# Basic Types of Facilitation

## • Decision-making Facilitation:

Helping groups reach consensus or resolve conflicts.

## • Training Facilitation:

Teaching new concepts, skills, or processes.

#### • Creative (Brainstorming) Facilitation:

Generating ideas or innovative solutions.

## • Strategic Facilitation:

 Planning and mapping future strategies.



## Key Skills of a Facilitator

 Active listening: Encouraging and responding thoughtfully to participants.

- Questioning: Asking open-ended and probing questions.
- Time management:
   Keeping discussions
   focused and on track.

- Adaptability:
   Handling unexpected challenges with flexibility.
- Neutrality: Remaining unbiased and supportive of all voices.



## **Guidelines for Effective Facilitation**

Define	• Establish clear objectives: Define the purpose of the session upfront.
Encourage	• Create a safe space: Encourage equal participation and respect.
Allow	• Guide, Don't Dominate: Allow participants to drive the conversation.
Balance	• Use structure wisely: Balance between planned agenda and organic discussions.
Document	<ul> <li>Follow up: Document outcomes and ensure actionable next steps.</li> </ul>

# Challenges Facilitators Face (and How to Overcome Them)

- Dominant participants:
   Use ground rules to balance participation.
- Lack of engagement: Incorporate activities and ask engaging questions.
- Conflict: Stay neutral, redirect, and use constructive reframing.



# Setting Up a Facilitation Session

## Preparation steps:

- Know the group
- Define outcomes
- Prepare supplies & tools.

## • Environment:

- Physical or virtual setups that support participation
- Visit site in advance whenever possible





## Transition to Practice

- "The best way to learn facilitation is by doing it!"
- Overview of the practice stations and how they'll work.
- RS's at each station to guide your practice experience
- 20 minutes, then rotate!



